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# Edmonton Daily Bulletin

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EDMONTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY MARCH 4, 1908.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## HEIBERT HOLDS THE FORT ALONE

His Colleague Has Not Turned up—Again—Interesting Discussion on Rural Matters.

Consideration of the "Act to Amend the Statute Law" was confined in the Legislature last night from eight to eleven. Very few alterations, if any, were made in the bill, which was introduced in the Act, as it was brought before the House last week, since the original introduction, and the Lieutenant-Governor is not here now to preside over the House, the members had no justification or opportunity to discuss the questions suggested by the bolting-up opponents of Mr. Heibert.

In the mean-time no protest is to be expected as the proposed amendments are put up as a matter of form was quite evident last night, when after a long debate on the motion of a public worker in objection to his amendments of the Local Improvement system, the member for High River, Mr. Heibert, and broadly, scattered out to the lobby for a smoke, while the question was being voted on, and discussed by various members of the House.

He had raised a little dust, which was his only parliamentary thing, about the minister of public works, which he obviously did not mean.

In the same context of Mr. Heibert, it is being freely commented on in the lobbies that he, like his colleague from High River, had gone home, after demands on the adjournment of the House.

Mr. Heibert had been in the House in order that he might have time to consider the bill? Because of the delay this occasioned in his return, a session to the Senate, and the civil servants are without their salaries for the past month, and will continue so until the House meets again.

### Makes Himself Secure.

But Mr. Robertson, before abandoning the post he was to have had over on the 1st of March, made sure personally would suffer no such inconvenience.

He promptly secured his amendment in the Local Improvement system, responding to the unwilling shouter of his colleague from Bowden, and then, in particular, to those from High River, while the other members of the Legislature are detained at the Hotel Macdonald in Medicine Hat, in order that he might have time to consider the bill?

The bill was given a second reading in the House in the afternoon, and without the consent of the civil servants are without their salaries for the past month, and will continue so until the House meets again.

### For Us When Necessary.

"Moreover, this amendment would be put into operation everywhere," said Mr. Heibert, "but so far as I am concerned, Premier Laurier read a letter in the House this evening from the Prince of Wales, and signified his intention of attending the celebration of the anniversary of the movement of the Atlantic Fleet, which will accompany the prince, at an election one year ago only, he turned up and then went home."

On all the other occasions he complants at coming, and many attended to. But it is not the intention of the department to go into any district that is not attended to by its members. I do not know that any other act, does not interfere with people who do their duty."

Heibert's critics, "The House in general benefited by the information given him by Mr. Heibert, Mr. Walker, McKenzie, Moore and Rosenthal, took part in the discussion with effectiveness. Considerable detail information was given concerning existing in several districts of the Province."

### Hospital Underground?

When the amendments to the Coal Mines Act were before the House, Mr. Heibert, in his speech, said that a sufficient provision was being made for injured miners. He wanted a corps of trained ambulances and men along the roads to be available for the use of some sort of hospital equipment in the mines. This was made.

On the 1st of October, 1907, he was one to which his department had given especial attention, and he was compelled to admit that his suggestion was not a practical one, and could not have originated with a practical man.

The amendments as they stood, provided that in every mine in which 20 men or more were employed, there should be a corps of trained ambulances or litter men by means of which an injured man might be promptly carried to the surface, and sent to medical aid if required. This was a practical provision.

Mr. Moore (Beddoes) also got into the question, and he had no personal basis for his suggestion. He had considered the experience with men working underground and in the coal mines, and in every large mine can give first aid to the injured. Mr. Heibert's suggestion of having a corps of trained ambulances in giving first aid was merely an elaborate scheme for not saving life.

Hon. Mr. Finlay, in his speech, said that his department, taking account that every proper precaution should be taken in every mine, that the miners should be given first aid, and that the miners in every part of the country. Not one had made any suggestion like that of the member for Bowden, and he was compelled to admit that he did not know of the requirements in Alberta mines.

In his speech the "Village Act," Mr. Rosenthal asked that a corrected copy of the Act be sent promptly to the Legislature, so that it could be made for the taxation this year. This was always done, he was informed by the minister, and he did not know of the requirements in Alberta mines.

Mr. Heibert's "Gallant Play."

In the amendments to the local improvement act it is provided that the "Minister may appoint a district com-

misioner for any small local improvement district, or for one or more divisions thereof whenever he is satisfied by any proof as he may require that such a division is likely to require more divisions thereof than are being carried out according to the provisions of the Act, or the best interests of the public, the district or the divisions thereof."

Upon the explanation of the needs of the community given by the Minister and upon the testimony of several members as to the absolute need of a small district, this section commend itself strongly to the House. It was my opinion that the section of the Act, as it was introduced by Mr. Heibert, until the opposition made its appearance, was not here now to present to the House, the members had no justification or opportunity to discuss the questions suggested by the bolting-up opponents of Mr. Heibert.

That the amendment to the proposed improvements act is quite evident last night, when after a long debate on the motion of a public worker in objection to his amendments of the Local Improvement system, the member for High River, Mr. Heibert, and broadly, scattered out to the lobby for a smoke, while the question was being voted on, and discussed by various members of the House.

He had raised a little dust, which was his only parliamentary thing, about the minister of public works, which he obviously did not mean.

In the same context of Mr. Heibert, it is being freely commented on in the lobbies that he, like his colleague from High River, had gone home, after demands on the adjournment of the House.

Mr. Heibert had been in the House in order that he might have time to consider the bill? Because of the delay this occasioned in his return, a session to the Senate, and the civil servants are without their salaries for the past month, and will continue so until the House meets again.

What would you suggest then should be done in cases where these small communities are not yet elected, as frequently occurs in remote districts? If they—as they do—have no council, and the town has no government, what would you suggest?" asked Mr. Rosenthal of the member for Bowden.

Mr. Heibert said that he wanted to send the auditor and hold another election.

Mr. Cushing, in reply to Mr. Heibert's criticism, said in part:

"This provision, no doubt, gives the minister the power to do what he wants, because he wants it. If the honorable member saw the stock of commanding officer in the department, he would not be so easily satisfied with what he wanted this amendment to the bill. There were complaints from small districts that they were not represented, and the commanding officer, Mr. Heibert, was not represented, and the public what would you suggest?" asked Mr. Rosenthal of the member for Bowden.

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## PRINCE OF WALES TO VISIT CANADA

During Tercentenary Celebrations at Quebec—Announcement Made in Federal House.

Ottawa, March 3.—A return laid on the table in the House this afternoon gives particulars relating to the opening of the Canadian Pacific Railway in connection with the proposed lines to Fort Churchill.

The line has been constructed, seven miles west of the city, and the construction of the land grants is not yet set.

An order in council dated May 1, 1907, gave the Canadian Pacific the right to collect \$300 or \$400 of taxes, and at a handsome percentage too. The government's audit had no power to review the rates.

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## WHERE LEGISLATORS FIRST SAW THE LIGHT

Only Seventy-Five of Canada's Law-makers, Local and Federal, Were Born Outside the Bounds of the Dominion.

Ottawa, March 2.—Till the day of the native son has definitely come in the political history of Canada is often hard to prove by an analysis of the news columns. The "Parliamentary Guide" just issued by Captain J. C. Chambers, the general editor of the *Edmonton Bulletin*, shows there are 745 legislators of various ranks in Canada, either in the Dominion parliament or in one of the provincial legislatures. The *Guide* gives particular attention to the place of birth of 236 of the men who have taken up trouble to go through the volume to see the remarkable and interesting record of our legislators who were born outside the boundaries of the Dominion.

As many of the men in the "foreigner" number only 77 out of the total of 745.

In those 77 foreigners using the term in its non-offensive sense, 27 were born in the United States, 10 in Scotland and Ireland, 7 in the United Kingdom, 6 each in France, Iceland and Russia, and 1 each in Switzerland, India, Italy and Germany.

### Scots Predominant.

The men born of Scottish parents numbered 21, while in the councils of the Dominion, there were 19, distributed as follows: The Senate, 19; the Commons, 51; Ontario Legislature, 31; Quebec Legislature, 24; Nova Scotia Legislative Council, 11; Nova Scotia Assembly, 10; Manitoba Assembly, 9; Manitoba Legislative Assembly, 3; British Columbia Assembly, 4; Alberta Assembly, 3.

The French Canadians come next with a total of 179, made up in the following: The Senate, 22; the Commons, 45; Ontario Legislature, 4; Quebec Council, 19; Nova Scotia Legislative Assembly, 62; Nova Scotia Assembly, 2; Nova Scotia Association, 3; New Brunswick, 5; Manitoba, 4; P.E.I., 1; Alberta, 1.

The Irish Canadians number 159, these are in the Senate, 44; the Commons, 41; the Ontario Legislature, 5; in the Quebec Assembly, 11; in the Nova Scotia Assembly, II; in the New Brunswick House, 10; in Manitoba, 6; in British Columbia, 7; in Alberta, 1.

Legislators born in Canada in total number 150, these are distributed as follows: The Senate, 11; the Commons, 41; the Ontario Legislature, 5; in the Quebec Assembly, 2; in the Nova Scotia Assembly, 1; in the New Brunswick House, 10; in Manitoba, 1; in Alberta, 1.

There are 15 sons of German parents who were born in Canada. Four are in the Commons; five in the Ontario Legislature; one in the Nova Scotia Assembly, and one in the Alberta House.

### The "Born Abroad."

No man in the Canadian house, nor for an analysis of the legislators who did not happen to be born in Canada, happens to head the list with a total of 15, these are distributed as follows: Two, the Commons, 9; Ontario House, 3; Nova Scotia Assembly, one; Manitoba Legislative Assembly, three; Alberta, one.

Of the 15, 13 were born in the Senate, in the Manitoba House, three in the Ontario House, two in the Commons, one in the Nova Scotia House, one in the British Columbia House, three in the Senate, two in the House of Commons, one in the Alberta House, and one in the Saskatchewan House.

Five of our legislators were born in Newfoundland, while two seats in the Senate, two in the Commons, two in the Manitoba House, three in the Ontario House, one in the British Columbia House, three in the House of Commons, one in the Nova Scotia House, and one in the Alberta House.

Four of our legislators were born in the Yukon, while two seats in the Senate, two in the Commons, one in the House of Commons, one in the Alberta House.

The two remaining seats in the Senate, the Manitoba House, which has a son in both the legislatures of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and the House of Commons, in the Senate, one in the House of Commons, one in the Manitoba House; Italy has sent one to the Senate, and the legislatures of Alberta; and one of the seats in the British Columbia House is filled by a son from Germany.

**Religious Record.**

Unfortunately the *Guide* does not give the religious denominations of the members of the provincial legislatures in detail so that it is impossible to get a definite record of the creeds of the men outside the dominion. But the information which is available is interesting so far as it goes.

Of the 745 men in the Canadian houses of the Senate, 103 are Protestants and 107 Roman Catholics; those divided: Roman Catholic, 107; Presbyterians, 25; Commons 53; total 78; Church of England, 15; Methodist, 13; Congregational, 25; Methodist Senate 10; Commons 37; total 47; Baptist, Senate 2; Commons, 6; total 8; Congregational, Commons, 4; Lutherans, Commons, 1.

**Toronto Live Stock.**

Toronto, Ont., March 3.—Receipts of live stock at the city market were 36 carloads, composed of 666 cattle, 189 hogs, 10 sheep, 10 lambs, 10 calves, 100 lambs, good cattle were on sale. The trade, owing to light deliveries, was fairly good, but prices ruled about steady.

## TAKE HOLD OF HINDU IMMIGRATION PROBLEM

Federal Government Commissioner W. L. Mackenzie King with Imperial Authorities Looking to Restriction of Immigration of Hindus to Canada.

Ottawa, Mar. 4.—The government has entrusted W. L. Mackenzie King with another important task. On Thursday he will meet with the Canadian cabinet, half of the Canadian government, with the Imperial Indian and Colonies committee, the Home Office, and the Foreign Office, to discuss the advisability of adopting measures to restrain the immigration of Hindus and other British East Indians to Canada. He will lay before the government his views on the part the government here regarding the advisability of adopting measures to restrain the immigration of Hindus from India to Canada. He will also lay before the government his views on the part of the British Asiatic possessions.

He will also lay before the government in Britain, to the influx of Orientals will be explained at London, and a satisfactory arrangement between the two countries will be reached.

Now that the Japanese immigration question has been practically settled, the whole problem of Oriental immigration is in regard to the Hindus and other British Asiatic peoples.

It is the opinion of Mr. King during the coming summer, however, that it is a question which must be left open, as far as the government is concerned, to prevent the hindrance of the passage of an ordinance which would prohibit the importation of Hindus to Canada from India. He will absent from the capital on April 1.

**TO-DAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.**

Winnipeg, March 4.—The grain market, the general staple of the wheat market has again stabilized itself. Following on the crop advance on this morning, the market closed 3¢ higher and closed 3¢ to 3½¢ higher than yesterday. The American market, however, was still unchanged and held steady for a time, but afterwards closed 1¢ lower, closing 3¢ higher than yesterday's *Cities' Winters' market*.

The Winnipeg market became decidedly weak for a time and closed 1¢ lower, closing 3¢ higher than yesterday's *Cities' Winters' market*. No.

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## EDMONTON DAILY BULLETIN

DAILY—Delivered in the City, \$4 per year; by mail, per year, \$3; by mail to United States, \$2; delivered through city post office, 50¢ per year.

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DUNCAN MARSHALL,  
Manager.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1908.

## THE MORTGAGE HAVE GONE.

The London Free Press has the leading Conservative journal of Western Ontario, reflects the commercial and industrial conditions of its district in a way not likely to bring comfort to its friends, says the Free Press:

"The prosperity harbored in London includes a higher standard of living than anywhere else in the country for the past six months, and the six that follow, and a warmer, happier, breezier south wind, that will make trade hum along, dazzling the knocker and the pessimist."

How is this for an instant of solidarity in the agricultural industry that means so much to the city of London?

The new traction company which has been organized by London men to run at Stratford and St. Mary's, through Cobourg and Middlesex, started a little while ago to get options on farm land along both of the routes through the country under contemplation.

Not what followed.

They have already looked over their eight farms of the county of Middlesex without finding a single mortgage!

It was in the County of Middlesex and the neighboring counties of the "western peninsula" that the "blue rain" orators of 1891 did their heinous stains. That populous section of the country contains many towns and cities, in which manufacturers thrive and where the farmers find a considerable "home market" for the produce of their land. Eleven years ago the friends of the Free Press, and probably that journal itself, were very anxious about the future of the west that the success of the Liberal would mean the closing of the factories and the destruction of the home market. Yet after eleven years of this devastating policy the Free Press declares that on eighty per cent of the farms in the western peninsula the agricultural equipment will be completed in detail if the Free Press informed us how many of these farms were free from mortgages eleven years ago. Unless the local conditions varied marvelously from those general throughout the particular country, it is safe to say that more than forty of these farms were without encumbrances when the friends of the Free Press went out of power.

The mortgage, however, has not "left" them it at least unshackled the farmer's hands and allowed him to do so.

## A BADLY NEEDED AMENDMENT.

A committee of the House of Commons are hearing representations of the parties concerned in the proposed insurance legislation. What the Insurance Companies think of the measure is best shown by the persistent cartoon campaign in which they have reviled the Insurance Commission and condemned the projected bill. This in itself might suggest to the Committee that the bill needs to be substantially modified in the new Act.

These cartoons cost money and their publication has cost money. Considering their number and widespread circulation, the total cost must have run into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. If this has been expended from somewhere, and the most likely source is the premium paid on insurance policies, or the profits that should be going to the policyholders.

In either event it was money that belonged to the public, and not to the managers. The managers have been using the money of the insured to finance a Commission, and a bill whose purpose was to prevent them misusing such money it is an outrage that should be effectively terminated.

A claim which will be inserted in the new Act, and which the insurance advertisements must be qualified as advertisements, and not in disguise, then the policyholder would at least have the satisfaction of knowing whether or not the managers were making him pay for their campaign against the Insurance Commission. It would safeguard his interest against their machinations.

**A DISTINGUISHED OLD TIMER.**

The death of Judge Kilian removes one a distinguished Westerner and a valued public official. As chairman of the Railway Commission he rendered public service which will be very long remembered and very generally appreciated, but not estimated and perhaps not so clearly understood as desirable. The Commission was constituted as a kind of regulator of the transportation systems. Its business is to make inquiries to the general public and to submit recommendations, but not to make final decisions. The transportation companies, the efficiency of the body must always depend largely on the understanding, judgment and spirit of its presiding officer. In Judge Kilian's case, a man of clear understanding, to the general public, a sound judgment and a wise, judicious public spirit that made for the maximum of public good with the minimum of interference with the railway companies. His successors will do well if they can sustain the traditions of the

office. Western Canada may in the last one who assisted in establishing those traditions was a Manitoban Old-Timer,

## LIVE QUESTION IN SOUTHERN CITY-BUSINESSES MEN DISCUSS IT.

Calgary, Alta., March 3.—The dust nuisance is a live question in Calgary, and the city council is continuing to endeavor to find some satisfactory method of overcoming it. At the meeting the following resolution was passed:

"That the committee on public works be directed to inquire into the dust throughout the streets and avenues from the city's hydrants by using hose as far as practicable, and that the same be extended as far west in the city as the hydrants go and that a copy of the resolution be sent to the Waterworks Comm., who received an anonymous letter, containing a clipping from the Polish Socialistic paper, Chodnik, threatening to kill him, if he persists in his fight."

This motion received a thorough debate by all the guests present, the matter of using oil to lay the dust being much attention. It was decided that the council should be asked to do something practical to abate the evil without causing any great expense.

Mr. Parker went so far as to move that the city be asked to make application for homestead entry, must be made in person by the settler, at the office of the Dominion Land Agency, or an agency, or by mail, to any agency on the part of the father, if deceased, or by his wife, son, daughter, or other next of kin.

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EDMONTON BULLETIN, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1908.

## PRIEST IS THREATENED.

New York, March 3.—Because of repeated denunciations of his religious beliefs in the editorials of his newspaper, the Catholic Leader, Rev. Lucian Bujnowski, pastor of the Holy Rosary Church, Waterlooville, Conn., has received an anonymous letter, containing a clipping from the Polish Socialist paper, Chodnik, threatening to kill him, if he persists in his fight.

That the committee on public works be directed to inquire into the dust throughout the streets and avenues from the city's hydrants by using hose as far as practicable, and that the same be extended as far west in the city as the hydrants go and that a copy of the resolution be sent to the Waterworks Comm., who received an anonymous letter, containing a clipping from the Polish Socialist paper, Chodnik, threatening to kill him, if he persists in his fight.

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## REMOVAL NOTICE.

Dr. Darling has moved his dental office from over the Royal Bank to Rooms 6 and 7 Crystal Block.

CANDY & CO.

WOOD

810 JASPER AVENUE.

P.O. Box 233.

CANDY & CO.

Another Car Load of

MASON & RISCH

Piano will arrive

this week.

562 SECOND STREET

EDMONTON

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY

FOR MAXIMUM COMFORT

WE DOUBLE TRACK RAILWAY

Between

CHICAGO, TORONTO,

MONTRÉAL, NIAGARA FALLS,

NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA,

Fast Train Daily From Chicago

Fast, Roaded, Modern and Convenient Dining Car Service.

For rates, reservations, time tables, etc.

A. E. DUFF,

General Agent Passenger Dept.

22 Portage Ave., Winnipeg, Man.

We are now displaying a very choice selection of Advance Spring Styles in Ladies' Coats and Suits.

The correct style in Suits this coming season is a tight or semi-fitting coat with the Japanese Butterfly Sleeve. This style will be very popular as it shows off the figure to the best possible advantage.

In Ladies' Spring Coats, either the tight or semi-fitting will be fashionable.

We are showing a very choice selection of Black Silk Coats, trimmed with applique and lace. These are loose-fitting and made in Taffeta and Peau de Soie Silk.

It is almost impossible to give an adequate idea of the extensive range of Coats and Suits which we are now showing. They need to be seen and tried on in order to gain a correct conception of the style, effect and finish of these beautiful goods.

The Suits which we are now showing have an exclusiveness in style and cloth not to be obtained except from the highest class of tailors. Our styles are all absolutely correct reproductions of the latest New York and Parisian models.

Before you purchase your Spring Suit, we respectfully invite you to inspect our stock. We have every confidence, and feel sure we can give you the utmost satisfaction.

SEED GRAIN ADVANCE Purchasing Department

## RE GOVERNMENT SEED GRAIN

The undersigned has appointed C. Nairn, Edmonton, to purchase grain in carlots only, suitable for seed, as follows:—Wheat, Nos. 1 and 2 Northern, and if there is not sufficient of these grades then 3 Northern and No. 4, when purchased West of Winnipeg; White Oats, Nos. 1, 2 and 3; Barley, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

The

## LAND GRANTS TO THE S. A. VETERANS

**Resolutions Introduced in House of Commons to Grant Half Section Each to Men Who Served From Income-Specific of Minister of Interior.**

On Feb. 20th the Minister of the Interior introduced the following resolution in the House of Commons:

"Resolved that it is expedient to authorise the Minister of the Interior to grant two adjoining quarter sections of Dominion lands available for homestead entry to every veteran who has served in the army or navy for military service in South Africa under His Late Majesty Queen Victoria, in 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, or domiciled in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or in the Yukon Territory."

2. Resolved, that every such grant shall be subject to the conditions that the grantee, or his duly qualified representative, shall pay to the Minister for the said two quarter sections in the Dominion lands office for the land described in the resolution, before December 31st, 1910; that he shall present his entry by affidavit to the ministerial agent in the province in which the land within six months after the said day and that he shall thereafter reside upon and cultivate the land in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed by the homestead laws of the Dominion Land Act.

3. Resolved, that any person entitled, under the foregoing provisions to select and enter for either himself or himself and his wife, or for his dependents, any land in the west, may, in lieu thereof, at his or his substitute's choice, receive scrip in \$1000 value, which shall be paid him at the heater at its face value in payment of any Dominion land fees or taxes, provided that the same may be taken scrip shall notify the Minister of the Interior of his choice on or before December 31st, 1909."

4. Resolved, that every such grant of land or scrip shall be made by the Minister of the Interior upon a resolution issued in favor of the volunteers entitled thereto, by the Minister of Militia and Defense, who is to receive the amount of the payment from the Department of the Interior, under section 90 of the Dominion Lands Act, and all such scrip shall be subject to the provisions of sections 94, 96, 97 and 98 of the Dominion Lands Act.

5. Resolved, that the entries made and the lands under the foregoing provisions shall be exempt from all fees and charges except in the case of an entry for homesteads.

In the course of the debate on the resolution Mr. Oliver spoke as follows (from Hansard):

"Mr. OLIVER.—I can assure you, friends on the other side are to be congratulated on the generosity with which they have expressed themselves in regard to the volunteers in South Africa. They are to be congratulated on the number of entries made, and I hope that many more will have been made to-day—nay I suggest, perhaps rather with a view to influencing the course of the debate on this question? Might I suggest also that their speeches have been made about the same time as our own, and therefore had no effect? Our friends have suggested that the government has not assumed responsibility for the liability in regard to the propositions before the House."

I would like to say that the government is prepared to assume liability in the fullest responsibility, but it is not more possible for a man to put his hand into his pocket than to take responsibility for his conduct. And when this was undertaken, we were told by Hon. Mr. B. Kline, in his first session, of friends, who now find fault with the action of the government, had the opportunity to express their views, and the whole world did not, and they must be held to their record as not having the proper time to do so. I am sorry to have to make this expression to those generous views of which they have been so lavish to day. The government has not delayed in taking the action it did because of the resolution submitted to the House last session, and the result of that action is to be considered. Any resolution passed unanimously by this House must have some bearing on the policy of the government but it is not the fault of the House that this measure which was put up to my consideration in one form or another, for a number of years. It sure has been brought to the government's attention on behalf of the volunteers, but for reasons which have already been stated, it has not been able to be dealt with until the question until the present and it is now being settled, not in accordance with the results of the House, but also in accordance with the resolutions of the Legislative assemblies of the two western provinces which are concerned. As to what further resolutions may be passed, that is a matter which may be left to the government. They are to be excluded from consideration because of the passage of this resolution, and may be taken up in the next place, and if taken up at the present time, and if taken up I trust they will receive the fair measure of consideration which they deserve.

It has been said by some of our friends that this is either a Dominion or like that that it is both. Then services rendered were rendered to the Empire rather than to the Dominion, but it is not the fault of the Dominion rather than to the provinces. But the question of a special grant of land naturally and necessarily pertains to that authority which owns and controls that land. And the relationship and control in which provinces stand in the provincial government

and in others in the Dominion government; and the Dominion government is dealing with this question to-day, as far as the lands of the provinces are concerned, as the holder of lands in certain provinces, and is dealing with this question, and with some of the other provinces which are the holders of their own provincial lands, and as far as the western provinces are concerned in the west have expressed themselves as desirous it should be dealt with. We believe that it should be dealt with as the distribution of land generally for services in South Africa, but with the question arising, with the report of the debate, and that the gentlemen who have during the past several years lived and occupied these western provinces to the ownership and control of their own lands, and that these lands are absolutely the property of the Dominion, paid for by the Dominion, and should be used for the purpose of this scrip and any other use.

Mr. OLIVER.—Yes. So, when the provinces assembly declare themselves in favor of the granting of scrip for lands in the provinces, that binds them to that principle only so far as they ask it to bind them. We believe that the provinces are entitled to receive land. Therefore, while I say nothing whatever about the resolution, I do not believe that there is a radical difference between the resolution of the Northwest and 127 in the regard of the principles involved, and the suggestion that have been made from the other side of the House, and that we have no right to interfere with the people in respect to the principle of giving scrip to the provinces, and that we have no right to interfere with the people in respect to the principle of giving scrip to the provinces.

Mr. BERGERON.—Would my friend Mr. Oliver be kind enough to tell us

(Mr. Oliver)—I am afraid that we have no right to interfere with the provinces.

Mr. BERGERON.—Would my friend

(Mr. Oliver)—I am afraid that we have





